

**CHAPTER 9.
ANIMALS**

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9.00. **Definitions.** As used in this Code, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following words shall be defined to mean:

9.00.1. **Animal.** “Animal” shall mean any mammal, reptile, amphibian, fish, bird (including all fowl and poultry) or other member commonly accepted as part of the animal kingdom. Animals shall be classified as follows:

9.00.1.1. **Domestic.** “Domestic animals” shall mean those animals commonly accepted as domesticated household pets, unless otherwise defined, such animals shall include dogs, cats, caged birds, gerbils, hamsters, guinea pigs, domesticated rabbits, fish, non-poisonous, non-venomous and non-constricting reptiles or amphibians, and other similar animals.

9.00.1.2. **Non-Domestic.** “Non-Domestic animals” shall mean those animals commonly considered to be naturally wild and not naturally trained or domesticated, or which are commonly considered to be inherently dangerous to

the health, safety, and welfare of people. Unless otherwise defined, such animals shall include:

9.00.1.2.1. Any member of the large cat family (family felidae) including lions, tigers, cougars, bobcats, leopards and jaguars, but excluding commonly accepted domesticated house cats.

9.00.1.2.2. Any naturally wild member of the canine family (family canidae) including wolves, foxes, coyotes, dingoes, and jackals, but excluding commonly accepted domesticated dogs.

9.00.1.2.3. Any crossbreeds such as the crossbreed between a wolf and a dog, unless the crossbreed is commonly accepted as a domesticated house pet.

9.00.1.2.4. Any member or relative of the rodent family including any skunk (whether or not de-scented), raccoon, squirrel, or ferret, but excluding those members otherwise defined or commonly accepted as domesticated pets.

9.00.1.2.5. Any poisonous, venomous, constricting, or inherently dangerous member of the reptile or amphibian families including rattlesnakes, boa constrictor, pit vipers, crocodiles and alligators.

9.00.1.2.6. Any other animal which is not explicitly listed above but which can be reasonably defined by the terms of this subpart, including but not limited to bears, deer, monkeys and game fish.

9.00.2. **Farm Animals.** “Farm animals” shall mean those animals commonly associated with a farm or performing work in an agricultural setting. Unless otherwise defined, such animals shall include members of the equestrian family (horses, mules), bovine family (cows, bulls), sheep, poultry (chickens, turkeys), fowl (ducks, geese), swine (including Vietnamese pot-bellied pigs), goats, bees, and other animals associated with a farm, ranch, or stable.

9.00.3. **Cat.** “Cat” shall be intended to mean both the male and female of the felidae species commonly accepted as domesticated household pets.

9.00.4. **Dog.** “Dog” shall be intended to mean both the male and female of the canine species, commonly accepted as domesticated household pets, and other domesticated animals of a dog kind.

9.00.5. **Owner.** “Owner” shall be intended to mean any person or persons, firm, association or corporation owning, keeping, or harboring an animal.

9.00.6. **At Large.** “At Large” shall be intended to mean off the premises of the owner and not under the custody and control of the owner or other person, either by leash, cord, chain, or otherwise restrained or confined.

9.00.7. **Release Permit.** “Release Permit” shall mean a permit issued by the Police Department for the release of any animal that has been taken to the pound. A release permit may be obtained upon payment of a fee in accordance with that regular license requirement if the animal is unlicensed, payment of a release fee, and any maintenance costs incurred in capturing and impounding the animal. The release fee shall be as established from time to time by resolution of the City Council, but not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) the first time an animal is impounded, fifty dollars (\$50.00) the second time it is impounded, and seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) for the third and each subsequent time the same animal is impounded. For the purpose of a release permit, any change in the registered ownership of an animal subsequent to its impoundment and release to a new household and a change in the household caring for the animal shall reset that animal’s impoundment count to the beginning of the fee scale.

9.01-9.09. **Reserved.**

9.10. **Dogs and Cats.**

9.10.1. **Running at Large Prohibited.** It shall be unlawful for the dog or cat of any person who owns, harbors, or keeps a dog or cat, or the parents or the guardians of any such person under 18 years of age, to permit or allow the dog or cat to run at large.

9.10.2. **License Required.**

9.10.2.1. All dogs and cats over the age of six months kept, harbored, or maintained by their owners in the City, shall be licensed and registered with the City. Licenses shall be issued by the City Administrator upon payment of the license fee. The owner shall state, at the time application is made for the license and upon forms provided for such purpose, his or her name and address and the name, breed, color, and sex of each animal owned or kept by him or her. No license shall be granted for an animal which has not been vaccinated against distemper and rabies, as provided in this Code. Vaccination shall be performed only by a doctor qualified to practice veterinary medicine in the state in which the animal is vaccinated. A veterinarian who vaccinates an animal to be licensed in the City shall complete a certificate of vaccination. One copy

shall be issued to the dog owner for affixing to the license application.

9.10.2.2. It shall be the duty of each owner of a dog subject to this Code to pay to the City the license fee as imposed by the Council by resolution. The City may issue licenses for a two (2) year period renewable every two (2) years.

9.10.2.3. Upon payment of the license fee, the City Administrator shall issue to the owner a license certificate and metallic tag for each animal licensed. The tag shall have stamped on it the year for which it is issued and the number corresponding with the number on the certificate. Every owner shall be required to provide each animal with a collar to which the license tag must be affixed, and shall see that the collar and tag are constantly worn. In case an animal tag is lost or destroyed, a duplicate shall be issued by the City Administrator. A charge may be made for each duplicate tag. Tags shall not be transferable from one animal to another and no refunds shall be made on any license fee or tag because of death of an animal or the owner's leaving the City before the expiration of the license period.

9.10.2.4. The licensing provisions of this Code shall not apply to dogs or cats whose owners are non-residents temporarily within the City, nor to animals brought into the City for the purpose of participating in any dog show, nor shall this provisions apply to "seeing eye" dogs properly trained to assist blind persons for the purpose of aiding them in going from place to place.

9.10.3. **Cats.** Cats shall be included as controlled by this Code insofar as running-at-large, pickup, impounding, boarding, licensing and proof of anti-rabies vaccine is concerned. All other provisions of this Code shall also apply to cats unless otherwise provided.

9.10.4. **Vaccination.**

9.10.4.1. All dogs and cats kept, harbored, maintained, or transported within the City shall be vaccinated at least once every three years by a licensed veterinarian for:

1. Rabies - with a live modified vaccine; and
2. Distemper.

9.10.4.2. A certificate of vaccination must be kept by the owner on which it is stated the date of vaccination, owner's name and address, the animal's name (if

applicable), sex, description and weight, the type of vaccine, and the veterinarian's signature. Upon demand made by the City or a police officer, the owner shall present for examination the required certificate(s) of vaccination for the animal(s). In cases where certificates are not presented, the owner or keeper of the animal(s) shall have seven days in which to present the certificate(s) to the City or police officer. Failure to do so shall be deemed a violation of this Code.

9.20. Non-domestic Animals. It shall be illegal for any person to own, possess, harbor, or offer for sale, any non-domestic animal within the City limits. Any owner of such an animal at the time of adoption of this Code shall have one year in which to remove the animal from the City after which time the City may impound the animal as provided for in this Code. An exception shall be made to this provision for animals specifically trained for an actually providing assistance to the handicapped or disabled, and for those animals brought into the City as part of an operating zoo, veterinarian clinic, scientific research laboratory, or a licensed show or exhibition.

9.20.1 Notice of Keeping Non-Domestic Animals. Upon the written complaint of any person that a person owns or is keeping or harboring a wild or exotic non-domesticated animal in violation of this Section in the City, the Police Department or their authorized designee shall forthwith cause the matter to be investigated; and, if after investigation the facts indicate that such person named in the complaint is, in fact, the owner or is keeping or harboring any such animal in the City, they shall forthwith send written notice via certified mail to the person requiring such person to safely and permanently remove the animal from the City within five (5) days of the date of the notice. Notice as herein provided shall not be required where such animal has previously caused serious physical harm or death to any person or has escaped and is at large, in which case the Police Department shall cause the animal to be immediately seized and impounded, according to the provision of Section 9.20.2, or killed if seizure and impoundment are not possible without risk of serious physical harm or death to any person.

9.20.2. Seizure and Impounding of Non-Domesticated Animals. The Police Department or their authorized designee shall forthwith cause to be seized and impounded any non-domesticated animal, where the person owning, keeping or harboring such animal has failed to comply with the notice sent pursuant to Section 9.20.1. Upon a seizure and impoundment, the animal shall be delivered to a place of confinement, which may be with any organization which is authorized by law to accept, own, keep or harbor such animals.

If, during the course of seizing and impounding any such animal, the animal poses a risk

of serious physical harm or death to any person, such person or persons authorized by the Police Department may render the animal immobile by means of tranquilizers or other safe drugs; or, if that is not safely possible, then the animal may be killed.

9.21. **Farm Animals.** Farm animals shall only be kept in an agricultural district of the City or where permitted in other districts by conditional use.

9.22. **Impounding.**

9.22.1. **Running at Large.** Any unlicensed animal running at large is hereby declared a public nuisance. Any police officer may impound any dog or other animal found unlicensed or any animal found running at large and shall give notice of the impounding to the owner of such dog or other animal, if known. In case the owner is unknown, the officer shall post notice at the City office that if the dog or other animal is not claimed within the time specified in § 9.400.3, it will be sold or otherwise disposed of.

9.22.2. **Biting Animals.** Any animal that has not been inoculated by a live modified rabies vaccine and which has bitten any person, wherein the skin has been punctured or the services of a doctor are required, shall be confined in the City Pound for a period of not less than ten days, at the expense of the owner. The animal may be released at the end of such time if healthy and free from symptoms of rabies, and by the payment of all costs by the owner. However, if the owner of the animal shall elect immediately upon receipt of notice of need for such confinement by the officer to voluntarily and immediately confine the animal for the required period of time in a veterinary hospital of the owner's choosing, not outside of the County in which this city is located, and provide immediate proof of such confinement in such manner as may be required, the owner may do so. If however, the animal has been inoculated with a live modified rabies vaccine and the owner has proof of the vaccination by a certificate from a licensed veterinarian, the owner may with the consent of the Chief of Police confine the dog or other animal on the owner's property.

9.22.3. **Reclaiming.** All animals taken to the pound shall be kept, with humane treatment and sufficient food and water for their comfort, at least five regular business days, unless the animal is a dangerous animal as defined herein which case it shall be kept for ten regular business days, unless sooner reclaimed by their owners or keepers as provided by this Code. In case the owner or keeper shall desire to reclaim the animal from the pound, the following shall be required, unless otherwise provided for in this Code or established from time to time by resolution of the City Council:

9.22.3.1. Payment of a twenty-five dollar (\$25.00) release fee or such other release fee as may be applicable and receipt of a release permit from the police;

9.22.3.2. Payment of maintenance costs, as provided by the pound, per day or any part of day while animal is in said pound; and

9.22.3.3. If a dog is unlicensed, payment of a regular license fee and valid certificate of vaccination for rabies and distemper shots is required.

The fee provided in this Section shall be modified in accordance with the resolution by the City Council.

9.22.4. **Unclaimed Animals.** At the expiration of the times established herein, if the animal has not been reclaimed in accordance with the provisions of this Section, the officer appointed to enforce this Section may let any person claim the animal by complying with all provisions in this Section, or cause the animal to be destroyed in a proper and humane manner and shall properly dispose of the remains thereof.

9.23. **Kennels.**

9.23.1. **Definition of Kennel.** The keeping of three or more dogs on the same premises, whether owned by the same person or not and for whatever purpose kept, shall constitute a “kennel;” except that a fresh litter of pups may be kept for a period of three months before such keeping shall be deemed to be a “kennel.”

9.23.2. **Kennel as a Nuisance.** Because of the keeping of three or more dogs on the same premises is subject to great abuse, causing discomfort to persons in the area by way of smell, noise, hazard, and general aesthetic depreciation, the keeping of three or more dogs on the premises is hereby declared to be a nuisance and no person shall keep or maintain a kennel within the City.

9.24. **Nuisances.**

9.24.1. **Habitual Barking.** It shall be unlawful for any person to keep or harbor a dog which habitually barks or cries. Habitual barking shall be defined as barking for repeated intervals of a least three minutes with less than one minute of interruption. Such barking must also be audible off of the owner’s or caretaker’s premises.

9.24.2. **Damage to Property.** It shall be unlawful for any person’s dog or other animal to damage any lawn, garden, or other property, whether or not the owner has knowledge of the damage. Any animal covered by this subdivision may be impounded as provided in this Section or a complaint may be issued by anyone aggrieved by an animal under this Section, against the owner of the animal for prosecution under this Section.

9.24.3. **Cleaning up Litter.** The owner of any animal or person having the custody or control of any animal shall be responsible for cleaning up any feces of the animal and disposing of such feces in a sanitary manner whether on their own property, on the property of others or on public property. Any person violating this Section shall be punishable by a fine of ten dollars (\$10.00) or five (5) hours of public lands fecal clean-up. Any person who is found guilty of subsequent violations of this Section shall be punished by a fine of at least twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).

9.24.4. **Other.** Any animals kept contrary to this Section are subject to impoundment as provided in herein.

9.25. **Seizure of Animals.** Any police officer or animal control officer may enter upon private property and seize any animal provided that the following exist:

9.25.1. There is an identified complainant other than the police officer or animal control officer making a contemporaneous complaint about the animal;

9.25.2. The officer reasonably believes that the animal meets either the barking dog criteria set forth herein; or the criteria for an at large animal as set forth herein;

9.25.3. The officer can demonstrate that there has been at least one previous complaint of a barking dog; inhumane treatment of the animal; or that the animal was at large at this address on a prior date;

9.25.4. The officer has made a reasonable attempt to contact the owner of the property and those attempts have either failed or have been ignored;

9.25.5. The seizure will not involve the forced entry into a private residence. Use of a pass key obtained from a property manager, landlord, innkeeper, or other authorized person to have such key shall not be considered unauthorized entry;

9.25.6. Written notice of the seizure is left in a conspicuous place if personal contact with the owner of the dog is not possible.

9.26. **Regulated Animals and Conduct.**

9.26.1. **Animals Presenting a Danger to Health and Safety of City.** If, in the reasonable belief of any person or police officer, an animal presents an immediate danger to the health and safety of any person, or the animal is threatening imminent harm to any person, or the animal is in the process of attacking any person, the officer may destroy the animal in a proper and humane manner. Otherwise the person or

officer may apprehend the animal and deliver it to the pound for confinement. If the animal is destroyed, a charge of seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) to dispose of the animal is payable by the owner of the animal. If the animal is found not to be a danger to the health and safety of the City, it may be released to the owner or keeper as provided herein.

9.26.2. **Diseased animals.**

9.26.2.1. **Confinement.** Any animal reasonable suspected of being diseased and presenting a threat to the health and safety of the public, may be apprehended and confined in the pound by any person or police officer. The police officer shall have a qualified veterinarian examine the animal. If the animal is found to be diseased in such a manner so as to be a danger to the health and safety of the City, the officer shall cause such animal to be painlessly killed and shall properly dispose of the remains. The owner or keeper of the animal killed under this Section shall be liable for at least seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) to cover the cost of maintaining and disposing of the animal, plus the costs of any veterinarian examinations.

9.26.2.2. **Release.** If the animal, upon examination, is not found to be diseased within the meaning of this Section, the animal shall be released to the owner or keeper free of charge.

9.26.3. **Dangerous Animals.**

9.26.3.1. **Attack by an Animal.** It shall be unlawful for any person's animal to inflict or attempt to inflict bodily injury to any person or other animal whether or not the owner is present. This section shall not apply to an attack by a dog under the control of an on-duty law enforcement officer or to an attack upon an uninvited intruder who has entered the owner's home with criminal intent.

9.26.3.2. **Destruction of Dangerous Animal.** The animal control officer shall have the authority to order the destruction of dangerous animals in accordance with the terms established by this Code.

9.26.3.3. **Definitions.**

(1) A dangerous animal is an animal which has:

- a. Caused bodily injury or disfigurement to any person on public or private property; or

- b. Engaged in any attack on any person under circumstances which would indicate danger to personal safety; or
- c. Exhibited unusually aggressive behavior, such as an attack on another animal; or
- d. Bitten one (1) or more persons on two (2) or more occasions; or
- e. Been found to be potentially dangerous and the owner has personal knowledge of the same, the animal aggressively bites, attacks, or endangers the safety of humans or domestic animals.

(2) A potentially dangerous animal is an animal which has:

- a. Bitten a human or a domestic animal on public or private property; or
- b. When unprovoked, chased or approached a person upon the streets, sidewalks, or any public property in an apparent attitude of attack; or
- c. Has engaged in unprovoked attacks causing injury or otherwise threatening the safety of humans or domestic animals.

(3) **Proper enclosure**. Proper enclosure means securely confined indoors or in a securely locked pen or structure suitable to prevent the animal from escaping and to provide protection for the animal from the elements. A proper enclosure does not include a porch, patio, or any part of a house, garage, or other structure that would allow the animal to exit of its own volition, or any house or structure in which windows are open or in which door or window screens are the only barriers which prevent the animal from exiting. The enclosure shall not allow the egress of the animal in any manner without human assistance. A pen or kennel shall meet the following minimum specifications:

- a. Have a minimum overall floor size of thirty-two (32) square feet.
- b. Sidewalls shall have a minimum height of five (5) feet and be constructed of 11-gauge or heavier wire. Openings in the wire

shall not exceed two (2) inches, support posts shall be one-and-one-quarter-inch or larger steel pipe buried in the ground eighteen (18) inches or more. When a concrete floor is not provided, the sidewalls shall be buried a minimum of eighteen (18) inches in the ground.

- c. A cover over the entire pen or kennel shall be provided. The cover shall be constructed of the same gauge wire or heavier as the sidewalls and shall also have no openings in the wire greater than two (2) inches.
- d. An entrance/exit gate shall be provided and be constructed of the same material as the sidewalls and shall also have no openings in the wire greater than two (2) inches. The gate shall be equipped with a device capable of being locked and shall be locked at all times when the animal is in the pen or kennel.

(4) **Unprovoked.** Unprovoked shall mean the condition in which the animal is not purposely excited, stimulated, agitated or disturbed.

9.26.3.4. **Designation as potentially dangerous animal.** The animal control officer shall designate any animal as a potentially dangerous animal upon receiving such evidence that such potentially dangerous animal has, when unprovoked, then bitten, attacked, or threatened the safety of a person or a domestic animal. When an animal is declared potentially dangerous, the animal control officer shall cause one (1) owner of the potentially dangerous animal to be notified in writing that such animal is potentially dangerous.

9.26.3.5. **Evidence justifying designation.** The animal control officer shall have the authority to designate any animal as a dangerous animal upon receiving evidence of the following:

- (1) That the animal has, when unprovoked, bitten, attacked, or threatened the safety of a person or domestic animal.
- (2) That the animal has been declared potentially dangerous and such animal has then bitten, attacked, or threatened the safety of a person or domestic animal.

9.26.3.6. **Authority to order destruction.** The animal control officer, upon finding that an animal is dangerous hereunder, is authorized to order, as part of

the disposition of the case, that the animal be destroyed based on a written order containing one (1) or more of the following findings of fact:

9.26.3.6.1. The animal is dangerous as demonstrated by a vicious attack, an unprovoked attack, an attack without warning or multiple attacks; or

9.26.3.6.2. The owner of the animal has demonstrated an inability or unwillingness to control the animal in order to prevent injury to persons or other animals.

9.26.3.7. **Procedure.** The animal control officer, after having determined that an animal is dangerous, may proceed in the following manner:

9.26.3.7.1. The animal control officer shall cause one (1) owner of the animal to be notified in writing or in person that the animal is dangerous and may order the animal seized or make such orders as deemed proper. This owner shall be notified as to dates, times, places and parties bitten, and shall be given fourteen (14) days to appeal this order by requesting a hearing before the City Council for a review of this determination.

- a. If no appeal is filed, the orders issued will stand or the animal control officer may order the animal destroyed.
- b. If an owner requests a hearing for determination as to the dangerous nature of the animal, the hearing shall be held before the City Council, which shall set a date for hearing not more than three (3) weeks after demand for the hearing. The records of the animal control or City Administrator's office shall be admissible for consideration by the animal control officer without further foundation. After considering all evidence pertaining to the temperament of the animal, the City Council may order that the animal control officer take the animal into custody for destruction, if such animal is not currently in custody. If the animal is ordered into custody for destruction, the owner shall immediately make the animal available to the animal control officer.
- c. No person shall harbor an animal after it has been found to be dangerous and ordered into custody for destruction.

9.26.3.8. **Stopping an attack.** If any police officer or animal control officer is witness to an attack by an animal upon a person or another animal, the officer may take whatever means the officer deems appropriate to bring the attack to an end and prevent further injury to the victim.

9.26.3.9. **Notification of new address.** The owner of an animal which has been identified as dangerous or potentially dangerous must notify the animal control officer in writing if the animal is to be relocated from its current address or given or sold to another person. The notification must be given in writing at least fourteen (14) days prior to the relocation or transfer of ownership. The notification must include the current owner's name and address, the relocation address, and the name of the new owner, if any.

9.26.4. **Dangerous Animal Requirements.**

9.26.4.1. **Requirements.** If the City Council does not order the destruction of an animal that has been declared dangerous, the City Council may, as an alternative, order any or all of the following:

- (1) That the owner provide and maintain a proper enclosure for the dangerous animal;
- (2) Post the front and the rear of the premises with clearly visible warning signs, including a warning symbol to inform children, that there is a dangerous animal on the property as specified in Minnesota Statute 347.51;
- (3) Provide and show proof annually of public liability insurance in the minimum amount of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000.00);
- (4) If the animal is a dog and is outside the proper enclosure, the dog must be muzzled and restrained by a substantial chain or leash (not to exceed six (6) feet in length) and under the physical restraint of a person sixteen (16) years of age or older. The muzzle must be of such design as to prevent the dog from biting any person or animal, but will not cause injury to the dog or interfere with its vision or respiration;
- (5) If the animal is a dog, it must have an easily identifiable, standardized tag identifying the dog as dangerous affixed to its collar at all times as specified in Minnesota Statute 347.51.

9.26.4.2. **Seizure.** Animal control shall immediately seize any dangerous animal if the owner does not meet each of the above requirements within fourteen (14) days after the date notice is sent to the owner that the animal is dangerous. Seizure may be appealed to district court by serving a summons and petition upon the City and filing it with the District Court.

9.26.4.3. **Reclaiming animals.** A dangerous animal seized under this Code may be reclaimed by the owner of the animal upon payment of release impounding and boarding fees, and presenting proof to animal control that each of the requirements set forth in this chapter is fulfilled. An animal not reclaimed under this section within fourteen (14) days may be disposed of as provided herein, and the owner is liable to animal control for costs incurred in confining the animal.

9.26.4.4. **Subsequent offenses.** If an owner of an animal has subsequently violated the provisions of this chapter with the same animal, the animal must be seized by animal control. The owner may request a hearing as defined as provided herein. If the owner is found to have violated the provisions for which the animal was seized, the animal control officer shall order the animal destroyed in a proper and humane manner and the owner shall pay the costs of confining the animal. If the person is found not to have violated the provisions for which the animal was seized, the owner may reclaim the animal as provided in this chapter. If the animal is not yet reclaimed by the owner within fourteen (14) days after the date the owner is notified that the animal may be reclaimed, the animal may be disposed of as provided herein and the owner is liable to the animal control for the costs incurred in confining, impounding and disposing of the animal.

9.26.5. **Basic Care.** All animals shall receive from their owners or keepers kind treatment, housing in the winter, and sufficient food and water for their comfort. Any person not treating their pet in such a humane manner will be subject to the penalties provided in this Section.

9.26.6. **Breeding Moratorium.** Every female dog or female cat in heat shall be confined in a building or other enclosure in such manner that it cannot come in contact with another dog or cat except for planned breeding. Upon capture and failure to reclaim the animal, every dog or cat shall be neutered or spayed prior to being transferred to a new owner.

9.26.7. **Enforcing Officer.** The Council is hereby authorized to appoint an animal control officer(s) to enforce the provisions of this Code. In the officer's duty of

enforcing the provisions of this Code, he or she may from time to time, the Council designates all law enforcement officers of the City as enforcing officers.

9.26.8. **Pound.** From time to time, the Council shall designate an official pound to which animals found in violation of this chapter shall be taken for safe treatment, and if necessary, for destruction.

9.26.9. **Interference with Officers.** No person shall in any manner molest, hinder or interfere with any person authorized by the Council to capture dogs, cats or other animals and convey them to the pound while engaged in such operation. Nor shall any unauthorized person break open the pound, or attempt to do so, or take or attempt to take from any agent any animal taken up by him or her in compliance with this Chapter, or in any other manner to interfere with or hinder such officer in the discharge of his or her duties under this Chapter.

9.27. **Violations and Penalties.** Any person violating the provisions of this Chapter is guilty of a petty misdemeanor, and upon conviction therefore, shall be sentenced to a fine of not more than \$100.00. Any person violating the provisions of this Chapter within 365 days of a prior offense shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person who interferes with a Police Officer, City employee or other authorized person in the performance of any service authorized under this Chapter hereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Each day a violation of this Chapter is committed or permitted to continue shall constitute a separate offense and shall be punishable as such under this Chapter.

